

Names:



Investigating Forests and Climate

What are Trees made of? ACTIVITY WORKSHEET

Date:
Location:
Resources per group:
Worksheet, Tree ID Swatch, Clipboard, Camera, Pencil, Calculator, Measuring Tape
Methoodology:
1. Pick a tree in the school grounds. Use your tree swatch to identify what species of tree it is.
Tree Species
2. Measure the circumference of the tree at standard chest height with measuring tape.
Circumference of Tree
3. Calculate the biomass of the tree:

Biomass is dry mass of a tree in kg including roots, trunk, branches and leaves. You can use the table convert below to approximate the biomass of your tree. Use the nearest value to the circumference of your tree.

Circumference (cm)	Tree dry weight (kg) Biomass
50	106
100	668
150	1,964
200	4,221
225	5,771
250	7,641
275	9,842
300	12,410
325	15,350

Biomass of	Tree	Kg

As trees photosynthesise, they use sunlight to combine carbon dioxide (CO2) from the atmosphere with water and nutrients from the ground to form carbohydrates which make up the tree's biomass. CO2 is taken in at a certain rate and builds the mass of the tree over time. Biomass is a measure of the dry mass of woody and leaf matter in kg





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4. Calculate the tro	ee's carbon content by dividing it's biomass by 2:	
Biomass of Tree	kg ÷ 2 = Carbon Content	kg
Result =		
	The carbon content of a tree is approximately 50% of its biomass (dry mass). The other 50% is made up of hydrogen, oxygen and nitrogen and other elements.	
 Find out how m by 3.67 	uch CO2 the tree has absorbed in its life by multiplying the ca	irbon figure
Carbon content	Kg x 3.67 = CO2 the tree absorbed in its life	Kg
Result =		
per y How loca in fo	year = about 1 tonne of carbon by age 40. yever, these figures vary a lot between species and tions. Add the enormous amount of carbon stored prest soils to that of the trees, and forests are major non storage reservoirs.	

1 Tonne = 1000 Kg